## OX-A431 Oxidising Gas Sensor - Ozone + Nitrogen Dioxide - 4-Electrode



Top View
Bottom View


Dimensions are in millimetres ( $\pm 0.15 \mathrm{~mm}$ ).

| Specification $\mathrm{O}_{3}$ Sensing |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Performance | Sensitivity <br> Response time <br> Zero current <br> Noise* <br> Range <br> Linearity <br> Overgas limit <br> *Tested with Alphasens | nA/ppm at $1 \mathrm{ppm} \mathrm{O} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ <br> t90 (s) from zero to $1 \mathrm{ppm} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ <br> $n A$ in zero air at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> $\pm 2$ standard deviations (ppb equivalent) <br> ppm $\mathrm{O}_{3}$ limit of performance warranty <br> ppm error at full scale, linear at zero and $20 \mathrm{ppm} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ maximum ppm for stable response to gas pulse <br> FE low noise circuit | $\begin{aligned} & -200 \text { to }-650 \\ & <80 \\ & -70 \text { to }+70 \\ & 15 \\ & 20 \\ & < \pm 0.5 \\ & 50 \end{aligned}$ |
| Lifetime | Zero drift Sensitivity drift Operating life | ppb equivalent change/year in lab air \% change/year in lab air, monthly test months until $50 \%$ original signal (24-month warranted) | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \text { to } 20 \\ & <-20 \text { to }-40 \\ & >24 \end{aligned}$ |
| Environmental | Sensitivity @ $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Sensitivity @ $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Zero @ $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Zero @ $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | ```% (output @ -20}\mp@subsup{0}{}{\circ}\textrm{C}/\mathrm{ /output @ 20}\mp@subsup{0}{}{\circ}\textrm{C}\mathrm{ ) @ 2ppm O % (output @ 40 C/output @ 20'0}\textrm{C}\mathrm{ )@ 2ppm O nA nA``` | 60 to 80 <br> 80 to 105 <br> 0 to 25 <br> 20 to 90 |
| Cross Sensitivity | $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ sensitivity <br> NO sensitivity <br> $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ sensitivity <br> $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$ sensitivity <br> CO sensitivity <br> $\mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{4}$ sensitivity <br> $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ sensitivity <br> $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ sensitivity <br> $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ sensitivity <br> Halothane sensitivity | \% measured gas @ 5ppm $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ <br> \% measured gas @ 5ppm NO <br> \% measured gas @ 5ppm $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ <br> \% measured gas @ 5ppm $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$ <br> \% measured gas @ 5ppm CO <br> \% measured gas @ 100ppm $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{4}$ <br> \% measured gas @ 20ppm $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ <br> \% measured gas @ 100ppm $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ <br> \% measured gas @ 5\% volume $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ <br> \% measured gas @ 100ppm Halothane | $\begin{aligned} & <-80 \\ & <5 \\ & <100 \\ & <-3 \\ & <-3 \\ & <0.1 \\ & <0.1 \\ & <0.1 \\ & <0.1 \\ & <0.1 \end{aligned}$ |
| Key Specifications | Temperature range <br> Pressure range <br> Humidity range <br> Storage period <br> Load resistor <br> Weight | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> kPa <br> \% rh continuous <br> months @ 3 to $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (stored in sealed pot) <br> $\Omega$ (AFE circuit is recommended) <br> g | -30 to 40 80 to 120 15 to 85 6 <br> 33 to 100 < 6 |

Figure 1 Sensitivity Temperature Dependence To 1ppm $\mathrm{O}_{3}$


Figure 1 shows the mean and $95 \%$ confidence levels for the temperature dependence of sensitivity at 1ppm $\mathrm{O}_{3}$.
Measuring Ozone at higher temperatures requires good casing design to ensure the Ozone reaches the sensor before reacting.
This data is taken from a typical batch of sensors.

Figure 2 Zero Temperature Dependence


Figure 2 shows the variation in zero output of the working electrode caused by changes in temperature, expressed as nA.

This data is taken from a typical batch of sensors.
Contact Alphasense for futher information on zero current correction.

Figure 3 Response from 200ppb to 0ppb $\mathrm{O}_{3}$


Figure 3 shows response from 200ppb $\mathrm{O}_{3}$ to $0 \mathrm{ppb} \mathrm{O}_{3}$.

Use of Alphasense AFE circuit reduces noise to 15ppb, with the opportunity of digital smoothing to reduce noise even further.

Offset voltage is due to intentional AFE circuit electronic offset.

The OX-A431 detects both ozone and nitrogen dioxide $\left(\mathrm{O}_{3}+\mathrm{NO}_{2}\right)$. The NO2-A43F measures only nitrogen dioxide, filtering out ozone. Using these sensors together allows you to calculate the $\mathrm{O}_{3}$ concentration by subtracting the corrected NO2-A43F concentration from the corrected OX-A431 concentration.

Before subtracting to determine ozone concentration, ensure that the signals from the two sensors have been corrected for electronic zero offset, sensor zero offset and temperature dependence, and sensitivity ( $\mathrm{nA} / \mathrm{ppm}$ ) calibration and temperature dependence.

## Specification $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$ Sensing

| Performance | Sensitivity to $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$ <br> Response time <br> Zero current <br> Noise* <br> Range <br> Linearity <br> Overgas limit <br> *Tested with Alphasen | nA/ppm at 2 ppm $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$ t90 (s) from zero to $1 \mathrm{ppm} \mathrm{NO}_{2}$ $n A$ in zero air at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ $\pm 2$ standard deviations (ppb equi ppm $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$ limit of performance ppm error at full scale, linear maximum ppm for stable resp FE low noise circuit | alent) <br> ranty <br> ro and 20 ppm $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$ to gas pulse | $\begin{aligned} & -200 \text { to }-550 \\ & <80 \\ & -70 \text { to }+70 \\ & 15 \\ & 20 \\ & < \pm 0.5 \\ & 50 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lifetime | Zero drift <br> Sensitivity drift <br> Operating life | ppb equivalent change/year in \% change/year in lab air, mont months until 50\% original signa | air <br> est <br> 4-month warranted | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \text { to } 20 \\ & <-20 \text { to }-40 \\ & >24 \end{aligned}$ |
| Environmental | Sensitivity @ $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Sensitivity @ $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Zero @ $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Zero @ $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | ```% (output @ -20}\mp@subsup{0}{}{\circ}\textrm{C}\mathrm{ /output @ 2 % (output @ 50` nA nA``` | @ 2 ppm NO <br> @ 2 ppm NO | 50 to 80 <br> 115 to 130 <br> 0 to 25 <br> 20 to 50 |
| Cross Sensitivity | $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ sensitivity <br> NO sensitivity <br> $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ sensitivity <br> $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$ sensitivity <br> CO sensitivity <br> $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{4}$ sensitivity <br> $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ sensitivity <br> $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ sensitivity <br> $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ sensitivity <br> Halothane sensitivity | \% measured gas @ 5ppm <br> \% measured gas @ 5ppm <br> \% measured gas @ 5ppm <br> \% measured gas @ 5ppm <br> \% measured gas @ 5ppm <br> \% measured gas @ 100ppm <br> \% measured gas @ 20ppm <br> \% measured gas @ 100ppm <br> \% measured gas @ $5 \%$ volume <br> \% measured gas @ 100ppm | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S} \\ & \mathrm{NO} \\ & \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \\ & \mathrm{SO}_{2} \\ & \mathrm{CO} \\ & \mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{4} \\ & \mathrm{NH}_{3} \\ & \mathrm{H}_{2} \\ & \mathrm{CO}_{2} \\ & \mathrm{Halothane}^{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <-100 \\ & <5 \\ & <100 \\ & <-3 \\ & <-3 \\ & <0.1 \\ & <0.1 \\ & <0.1 \\ & 0.1 \\ & <0.1 \end{aligned}$ |
| Key Specifications | Temperature range Pressure range Humidity range | $\begin{aligned} & { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{kPa} \\ & \text { \% rh continuous } \end{aligned}$ |  | -30 to 40 <br> 80 to 120 <br> 15 to 85 |

Figure 4 Sensitivity temperature dependence to $2 \mathrm{ppm} \mathrm{NO}_{2}$


Figure 4 shows the temperature dependence of sensitivity at $2 \mathrm{ppm} \mathrm{NO}_{2}$.

This data is taken from a typical batch of sensors.

Figure 5 Response to $50 \mathrm{ppb} \mathrm{NO}_{2}$


The OX-A431 shows fast response and return to baseline, even at low concentrations.

Figure 6 Response from 200ppb to 0ppb $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$


Figure 6 shows response from 200ppb $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$ to Oppb $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$.
Use of Alphasense AFE circuit reduces noise to 15 ppb , with the opportunity of digital smoothing to reduce noise even further.

Offset voltage is due to intentional AFE circuit electronic offset.

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[^0]:    NOTE: All sensors are tested at ambient environmental conditions, with 47 ohm load resistor, unless otherwise stated. As applications of use are outside our control, the information provided is given without legal responsibility. Customers should test under their own conditions, to ensure that the sensors are suitable for their own requirements.
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